

Guideline #6

Originated 05/01/2019

Revised 05/29/2020

Source/Authority: IDAPA 05.02.01, Rules for Residential Treatment Providers

This guideline is not a new law or rule but an agency interpretation and guidance pertaining to an existing law or rule contained in IDAPA 05.02.01 pertaining to the section(s) below.

Contact for questions: IDJC QI Director at 208.334-5100

Written Interpretation of Emergency Events Requiring Youth Hospitalization For Residential Treatment Providers

Background

This guideline is intended to clarify how the Department may best assist residential treatment providers in the event that a youth is hospitalized for an extended period of time.

Practices for Staff Secure Providers

In the event that a youth in IDJC custody is hospitalized, the provider is responsible for supervision for the first six hours. If hospitalization extends past six hours, the provider's rate will increase to \$480 each day until the youth is released from the hospital.

If the provider is already being compensated for, and providing, one to one supervision 24 hours a day, this rate increase would not apply.

Practices for Reintegration/Supported Living Providers

In the event that a youth in IDJC custody is hospitalized, the provider is responsible for supervision for the first six hours. If hospitalization extends past six hours, reintegration providers have the option to either:

1. Continue providing supervision at the increased daily rate of \$480, or
2. Request that IDJC assume control of supervision for the youth.

If the provider would like IDJC to assume control of supervision after the first six hours, the provider must call the regional facility as soon as possible to ensure the Department has sufficient time to make staff arrangements.

If the provider is already being compensated for, and providing, one to one supervision 24 hours a day, these options would not apply.